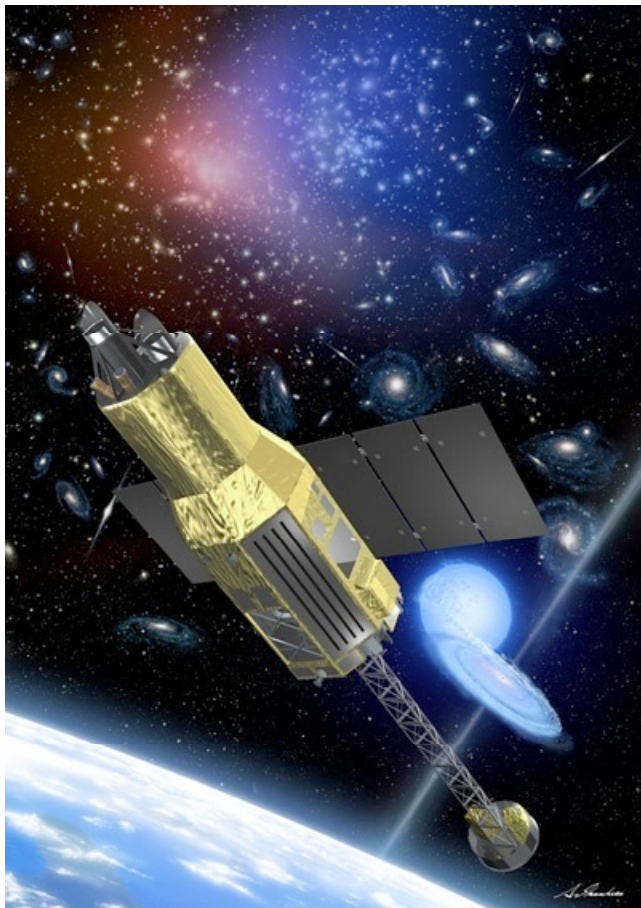




Probing Particle Acceleration with X-ray/Gamma-ray Polarimetry



Mar 22, 2012

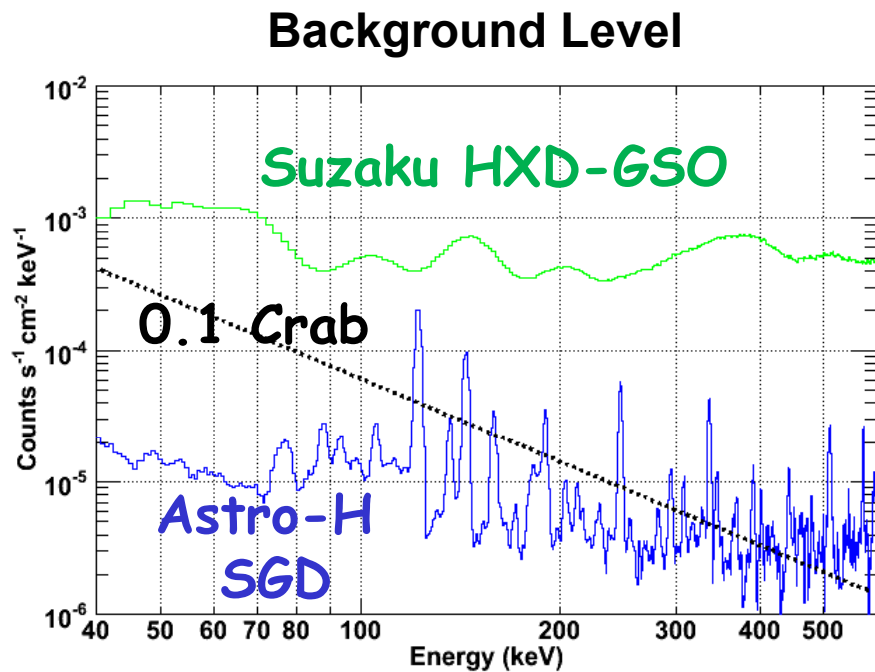
ASTRO-H Session, ASJ meeting

**T. Mizuno, H. Takahashi, Y. Fukazawa
(Hiroshima Univ), H. Tajima (Nagoya Univ.),
T. Tanaka, Y. Uchiyama (KIPAC/Stanford),
S. Takeda, H. Odaka, S. Watanabe, G. Sato,
M. Kokubun, T. Takahashi (ISAS/JAXA),
K. Nakazawa (Tokyo Univ.), P. Coppi
(Yale Univ.) and T. Tamagawa (RIKEN)**



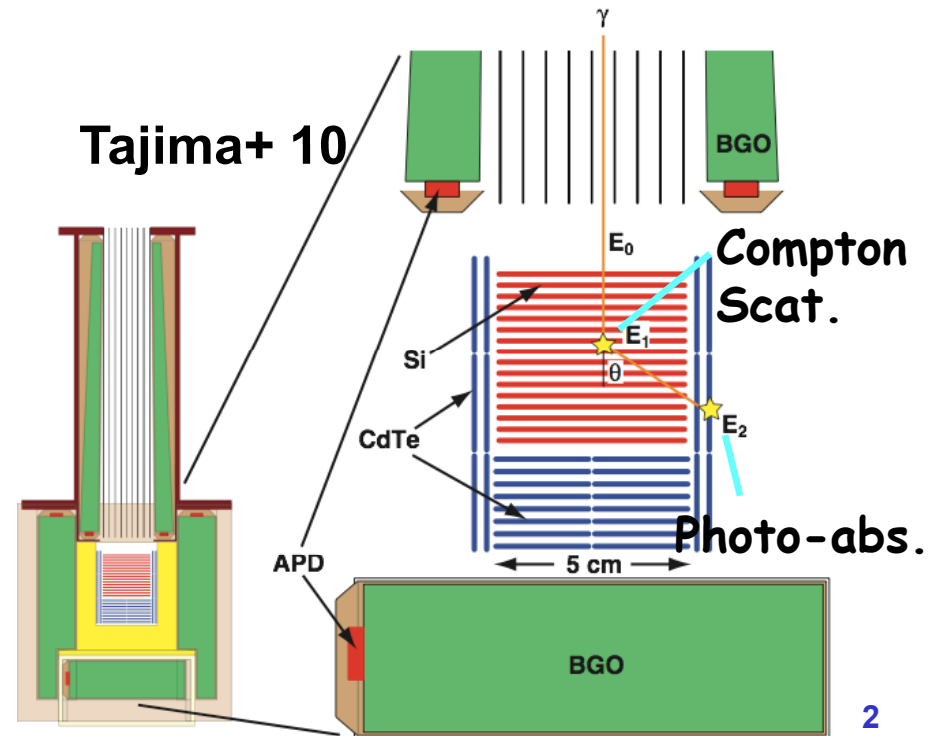
ASTRO-H SGD

- **Si-CdTe Compton Camera + BGO shielded**
- **Constrain incident angle using Compton kinematics**
 - **efficient background suppression**



BG <= 100 mCrab

$$\cos \theta = 1 + \frac{m_e c^2}{E_1 + E_2} - \frac{m_e c^2}{E_2}$$

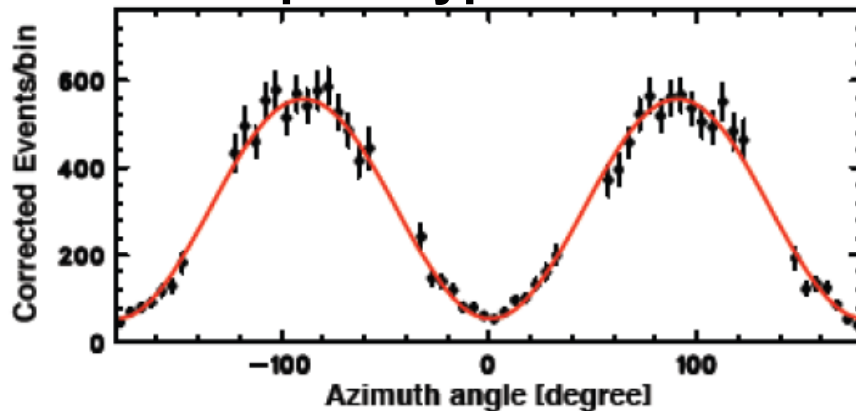




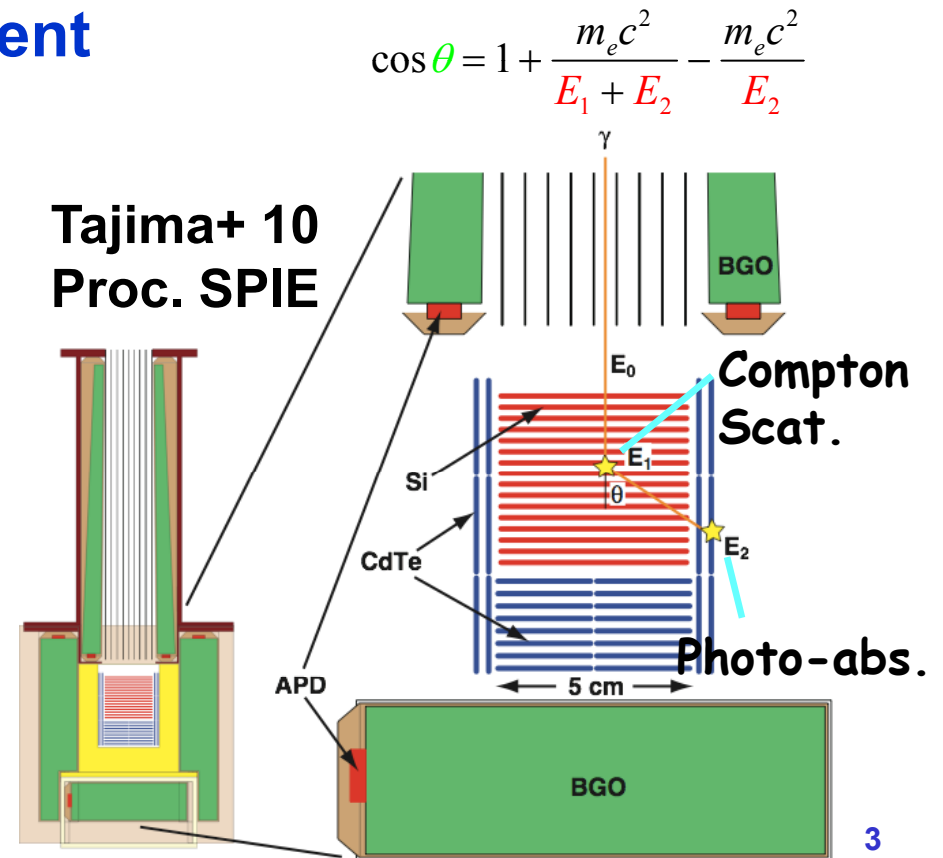
ASTRO-H SGD as a Polarimeter

- **Si-CdTe Compton Camera + BGO shielded**
- **Constrain incident angle using Compton kinematics**
 - **efficient background suppression**
 - **polarization measurement**

Takeda+ 10, NIMA prototype test



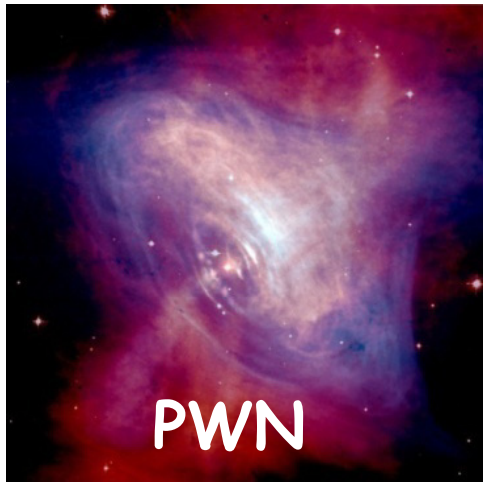
$M=0.58$ (80-300 keV)
w/ flight configuration



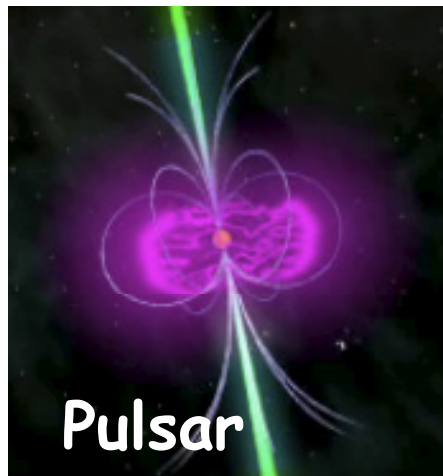


X-ray/Gamma-ray Polarimetry

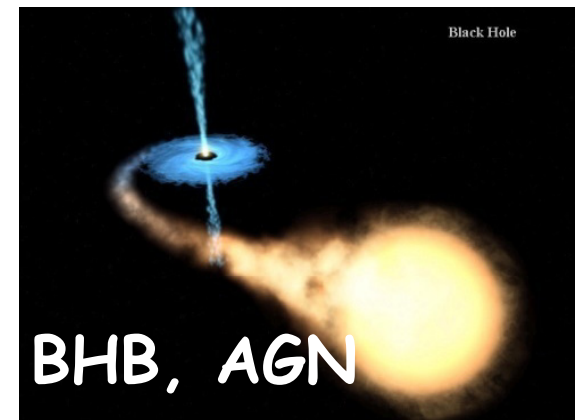
- **Why polarization? (1) place constraints on source geometries (2) break model degeneracy**
 - **Synchrotron emission (magnetic field)**
 - **Compton up-scattering radiation (see photons, disk)**
 - **Pol. due to QED or general relativity (constraints on fundamental physics and compact object)**



**Magnetic field,
Accelerated electrons**



**Pulsar emission model,
QED**



**Accretion disk,
Jet**

X/ γ -ray pol. not subject to Faraday rotation/depolarization

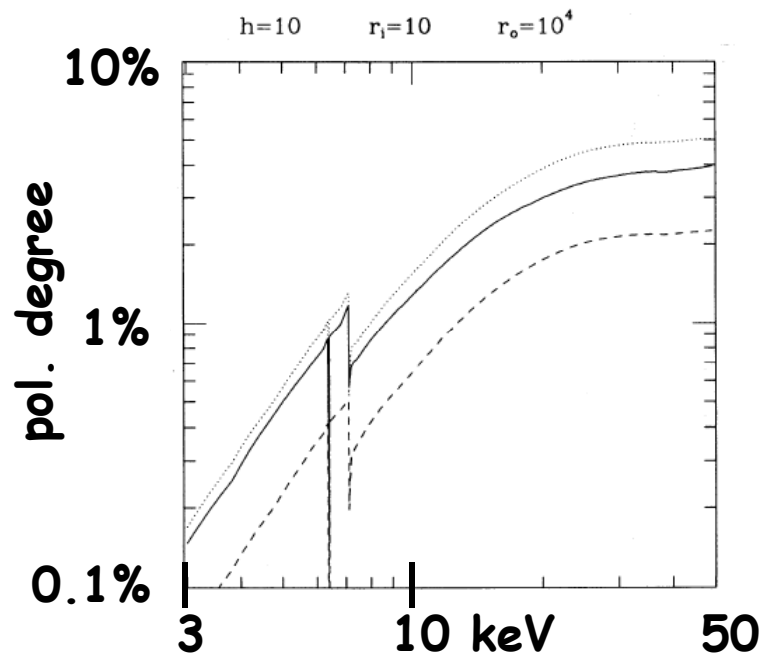


X-ray/Gamma-ray SpectroPolarimetry

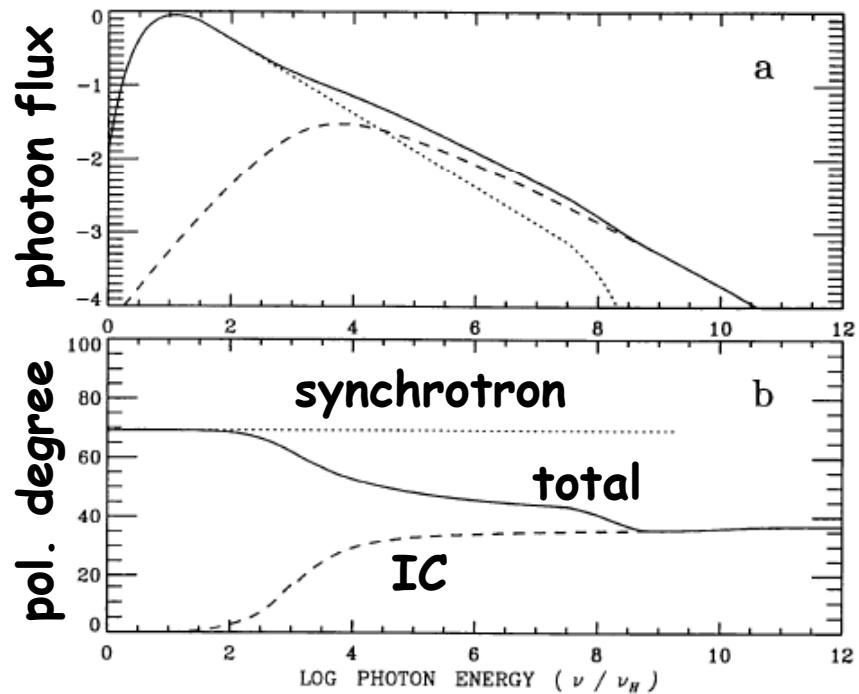
- Measuring energy dependent polarization is crucial to disentangle emission mechanisms
 - transition from one pol. generation process to another may occur over broad energy range

disk reflection model (Matt+93)

pol. vector \perp disk



Blazar model (Poutanen94)



** pol. may be low in EC **



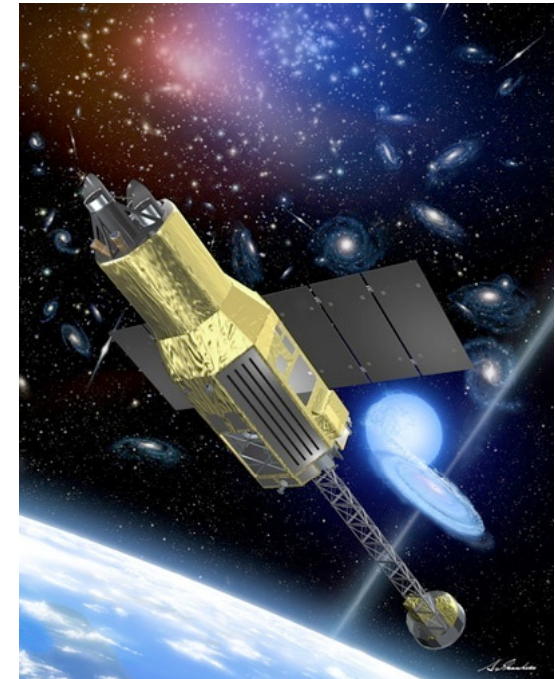
X-ray/Gamma-ray SpectroPolarimetry

- Measuring energy dependent polarization is crucial to disentangle emission mechanisms
 - synergy with GEMS and PoGOLite will enhance science outputs



GEMS (2014-)
2-10 keV
X-ray mirror+MPGD

PoGOLite (2012)
30-80 keV
balloon, Plastic scint.

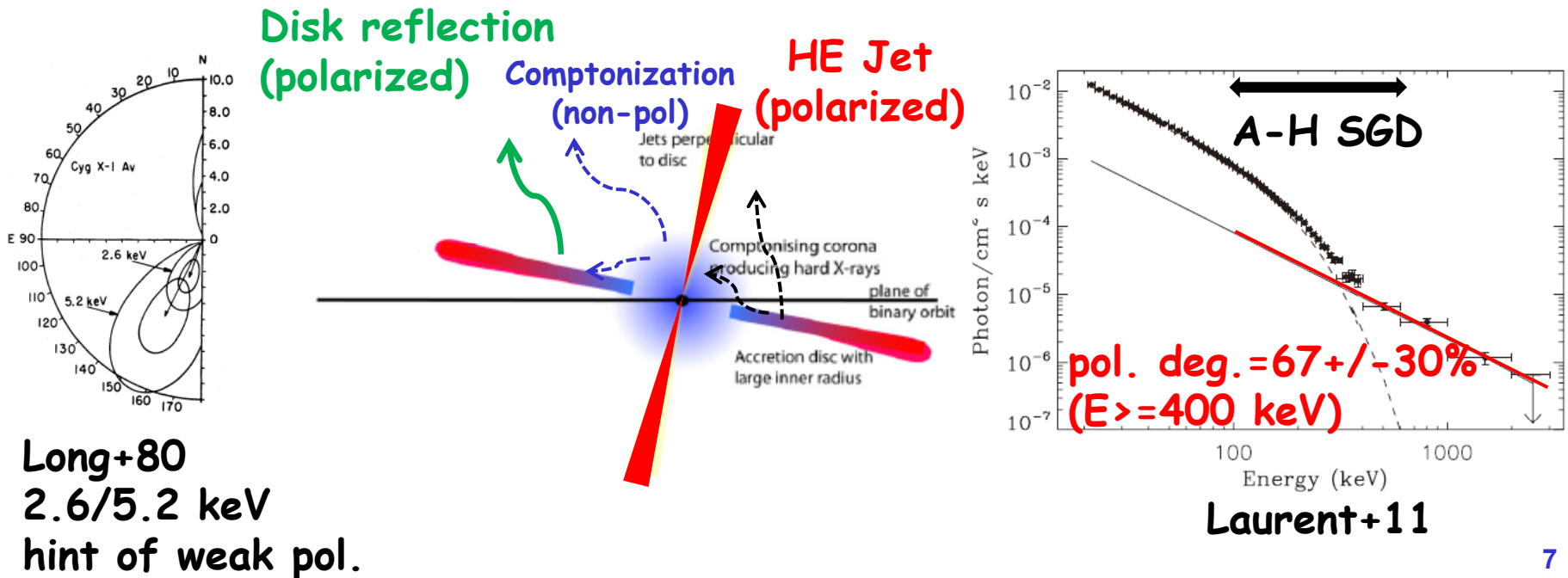


ASTRO-H SGD (2014-)
40-600 keV
Si/CdTe Compton Camera



Case Study 1: Cyg X-1

- A toy model of polarized emission
 - Polarized jet seen by INTEGRAL/IBIS (67% pol., $\phi=140\text{deg}$, contributing in $E>100\text{keV}$)
 - Disk reflection (3% pol. in 2-10keV and 10% pol. in 30-60 keV, $\phi=162\text{deg}$ (Long+80))
- See how SGD (+others) can measure polarization

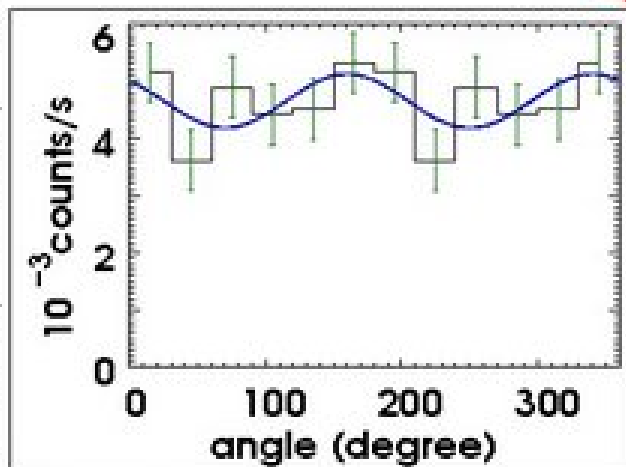




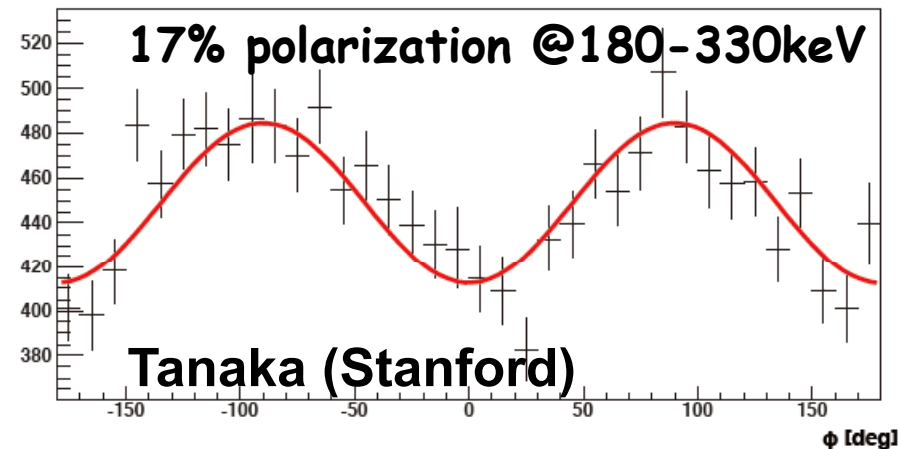
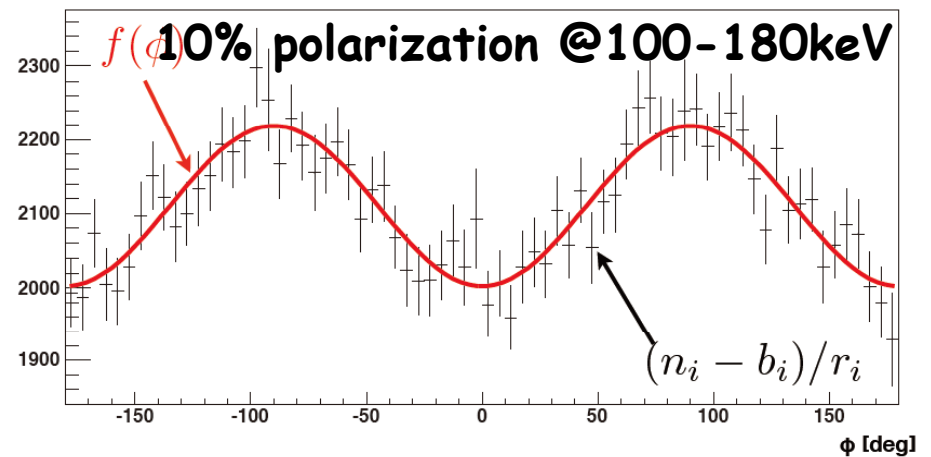
SGD Polarimetry of Cyg X-1

- Energy dependent polarization measurement w/ ASTRO-H SGD
 - disclose jet component hidden in Comptonization down to 100 keV

INTEGRAL IBIS
Modulation Curve @ 250-400 keV
(consistent with no pol.)



SGD Simulation, 300 ks





Wide-band Polarimetry of Cyg X-1

- **Coordination with soft/hard X-ray polarimetry**
 - disentangle disk reflection and jet emission
 - Compare directions of magnetic field (soft γ), disk (X-ray) and jet (radio)

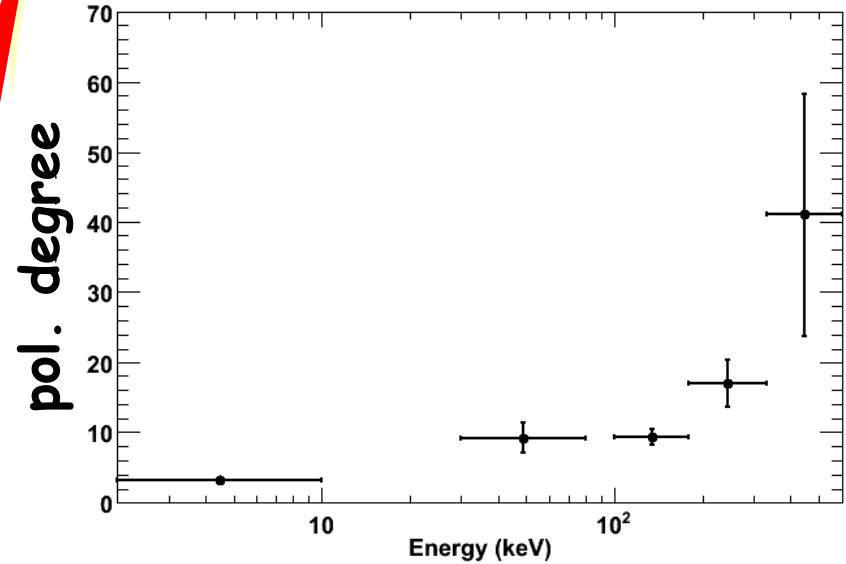
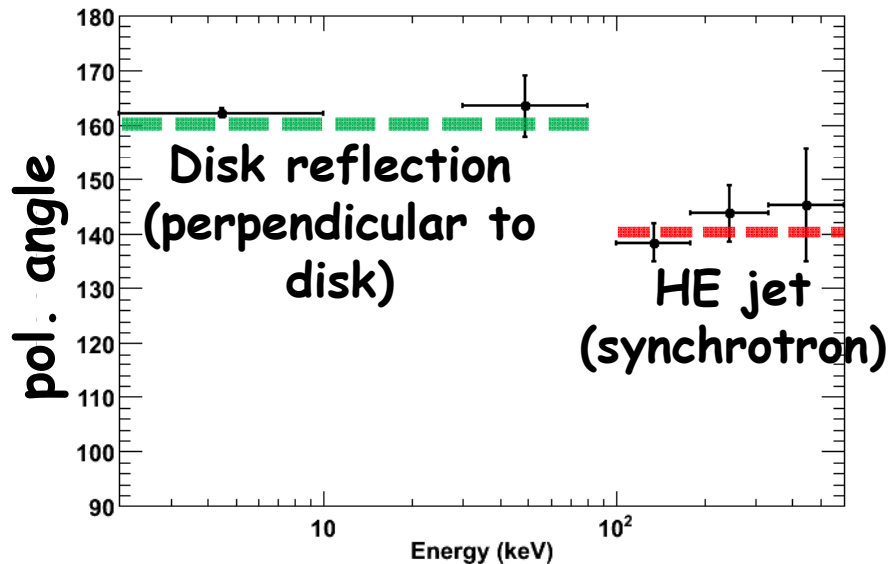
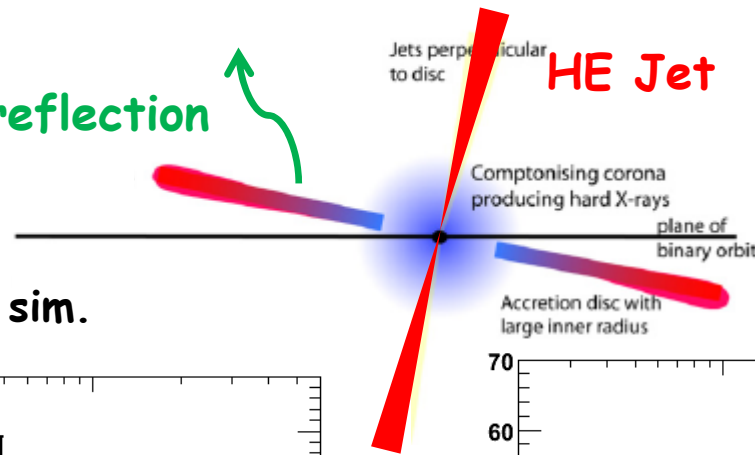
assumption:

100 ks obs.

$M=0.32$ (GEMS, PoGO)

SGD scaled from 300ks sim.

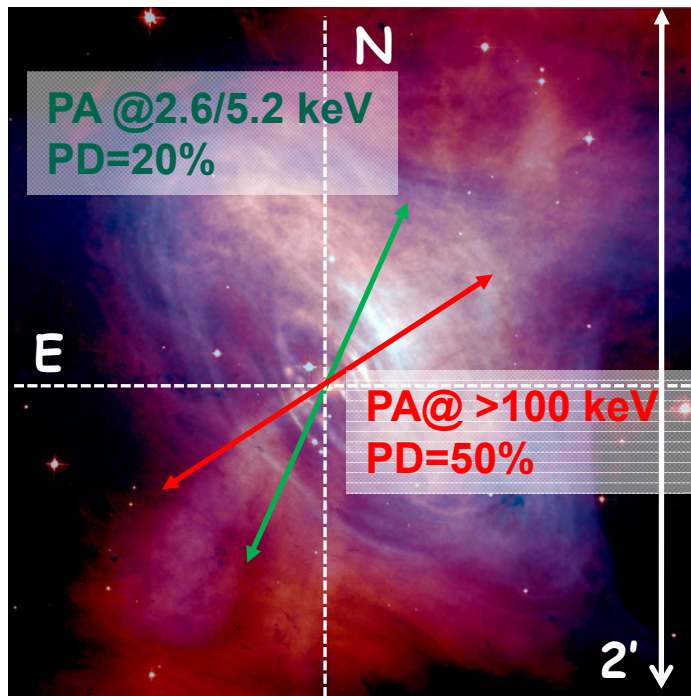
disk reflection





Case Study 2: Crab Nebula

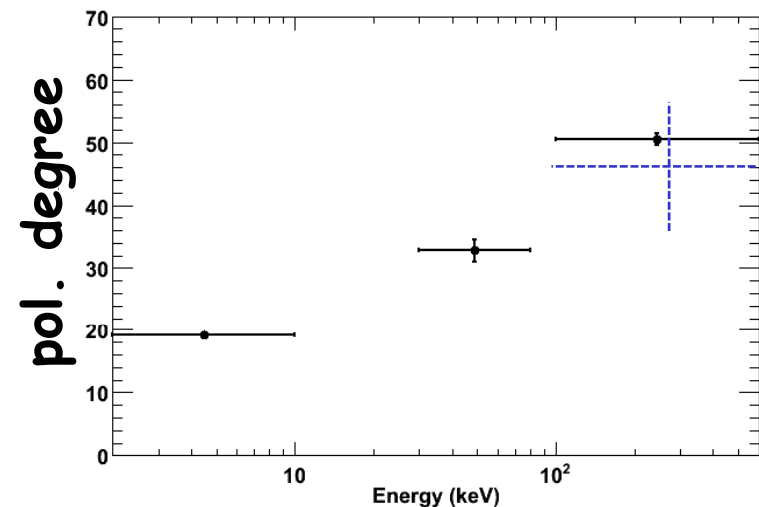
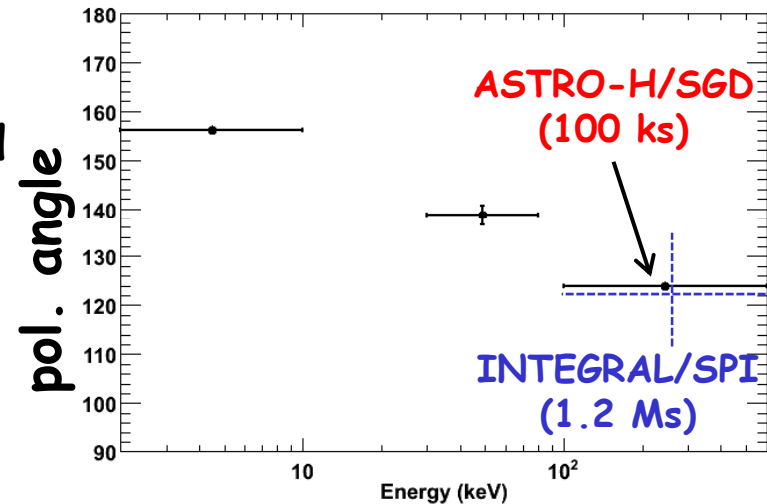
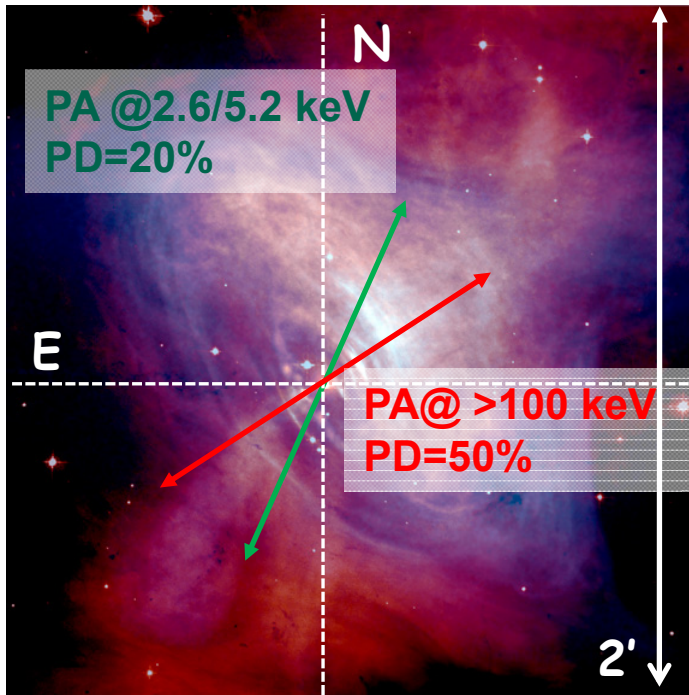
- A toy model based on the OSO-8/INTEGRAL data
 - PD=20%, PA=156deg (2.6/5.2keV): OSO-8, whole Nebula
 - PD=50%, PA=124deg (>100keV): INTEGRAL, aligned with pulsar rot. axis
 - Let's assume PD=30% and PA=138deg (30-80keV)





Case Study 2: Crab Nebula

- A toy model based on the OSO-8/INTEGRAL data
- SGD will confirm (or deny) the alignment with pulsar rot. axis
- Constraints on PWN model w/ soft-X and hard-X data





Summary and Prospect

- Pol. measurement by A-H SGD can place constraints on source geometry and break model degeneracy (*qualitatively new type of information*)
- Synergy with X-ray polarimeters will enhance science outputs
- Two case studies are presented (Cyg X-1 and Crab; robust targets for SGD polarimetry)
- Pol. measurement of pulsars and AGN flares will also be possible (to understand BG anisotropy is important)

Thank you for your Attention



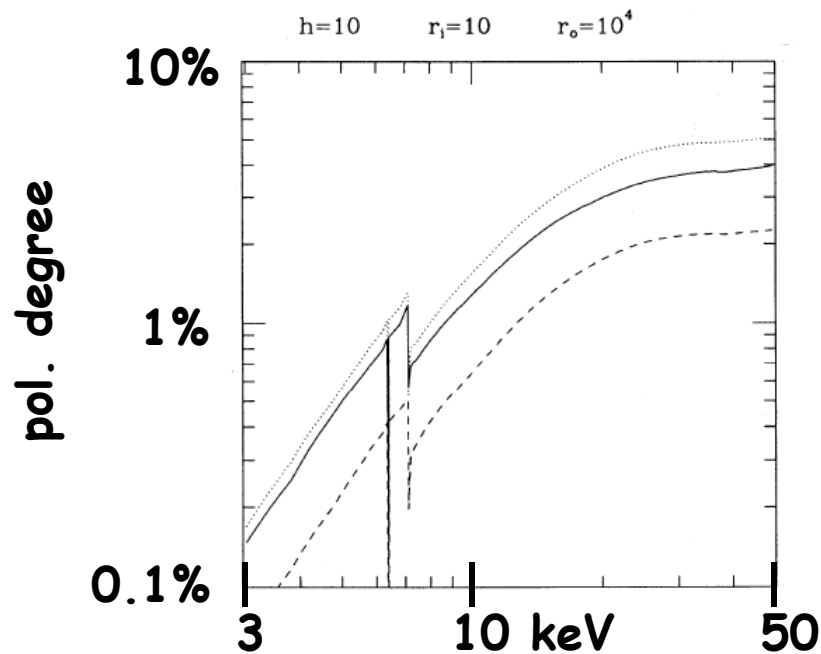
Backup Slides



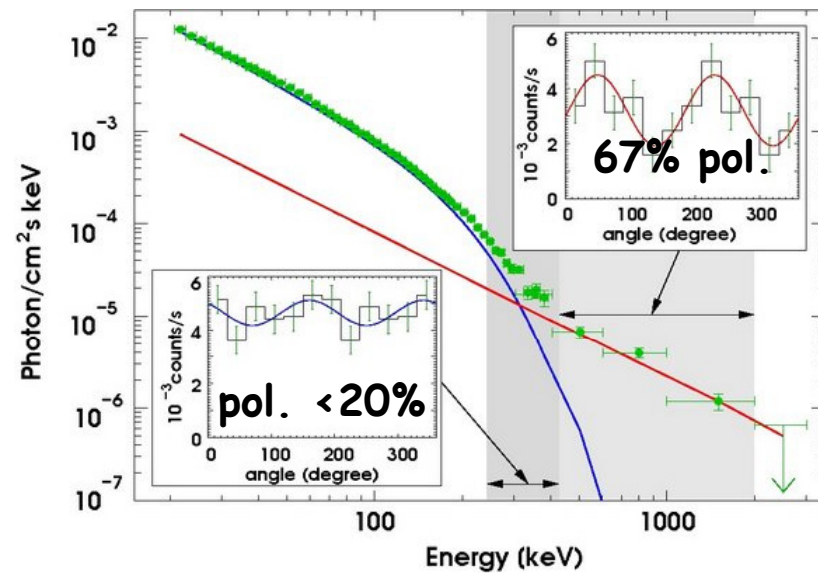
X-ray/Gamma-ray SpectroPolarimetry

- Measuring energy dependent polarization is crucial to disentangle emission mechanisms

disk reflection model (Matt+93)
pol. vector \perp disk



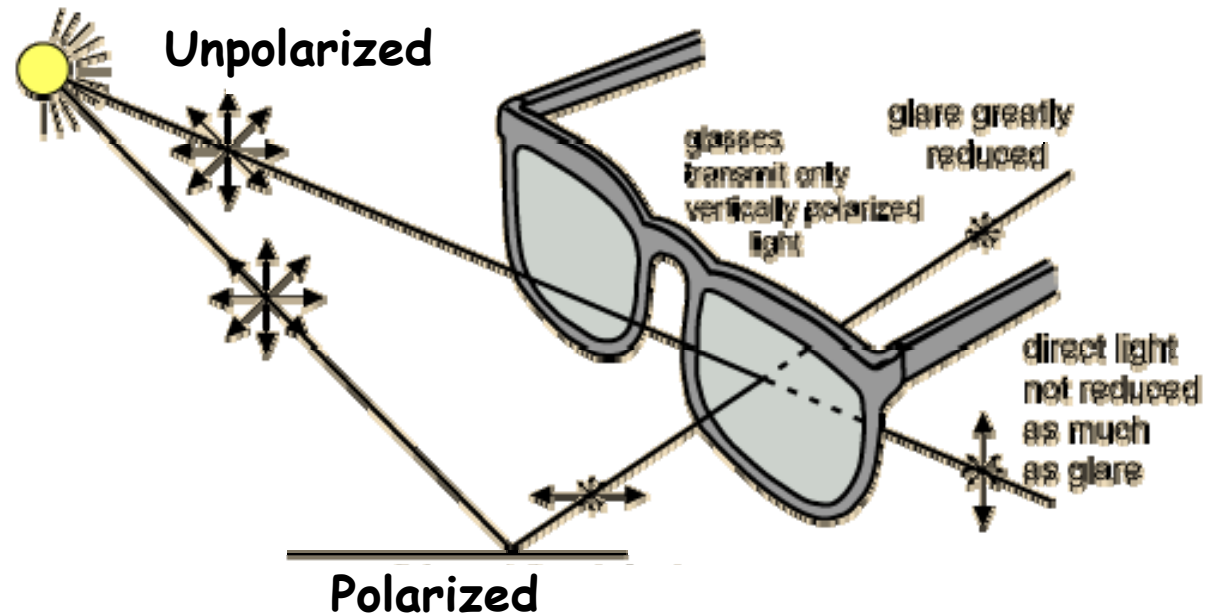
Strong polarization (67%) from
Cyg X-1 jet in HE (Laurent+11)





Polarization

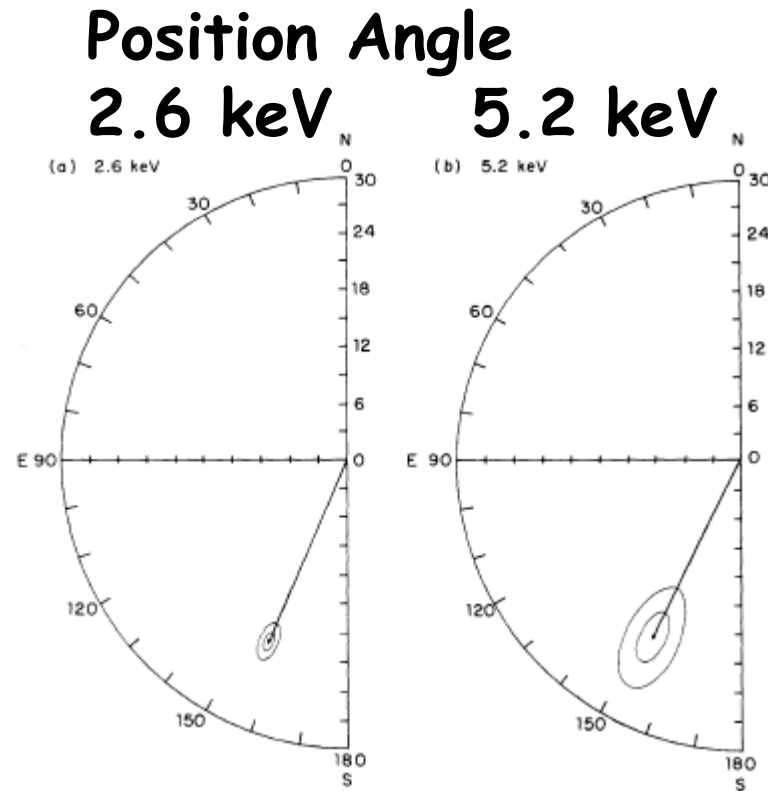
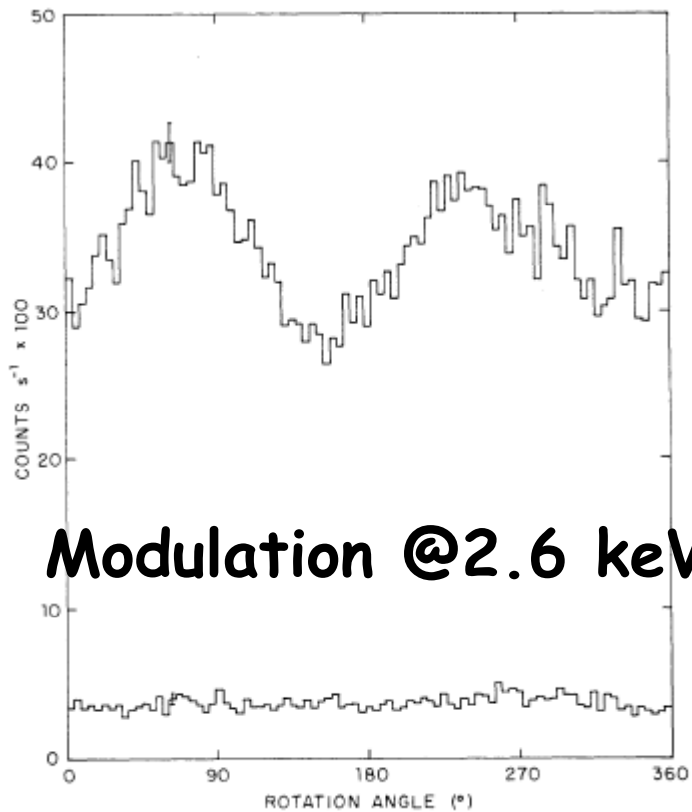
- 光源が非一様だと偏光が生じる
 - そろった磁場下でのシンクロトロン
 - 特定の面でのコンプトン散乱





Crab Nebula Polarization (X-ray)

- Measured by OSO-8 (Bragg reflection)

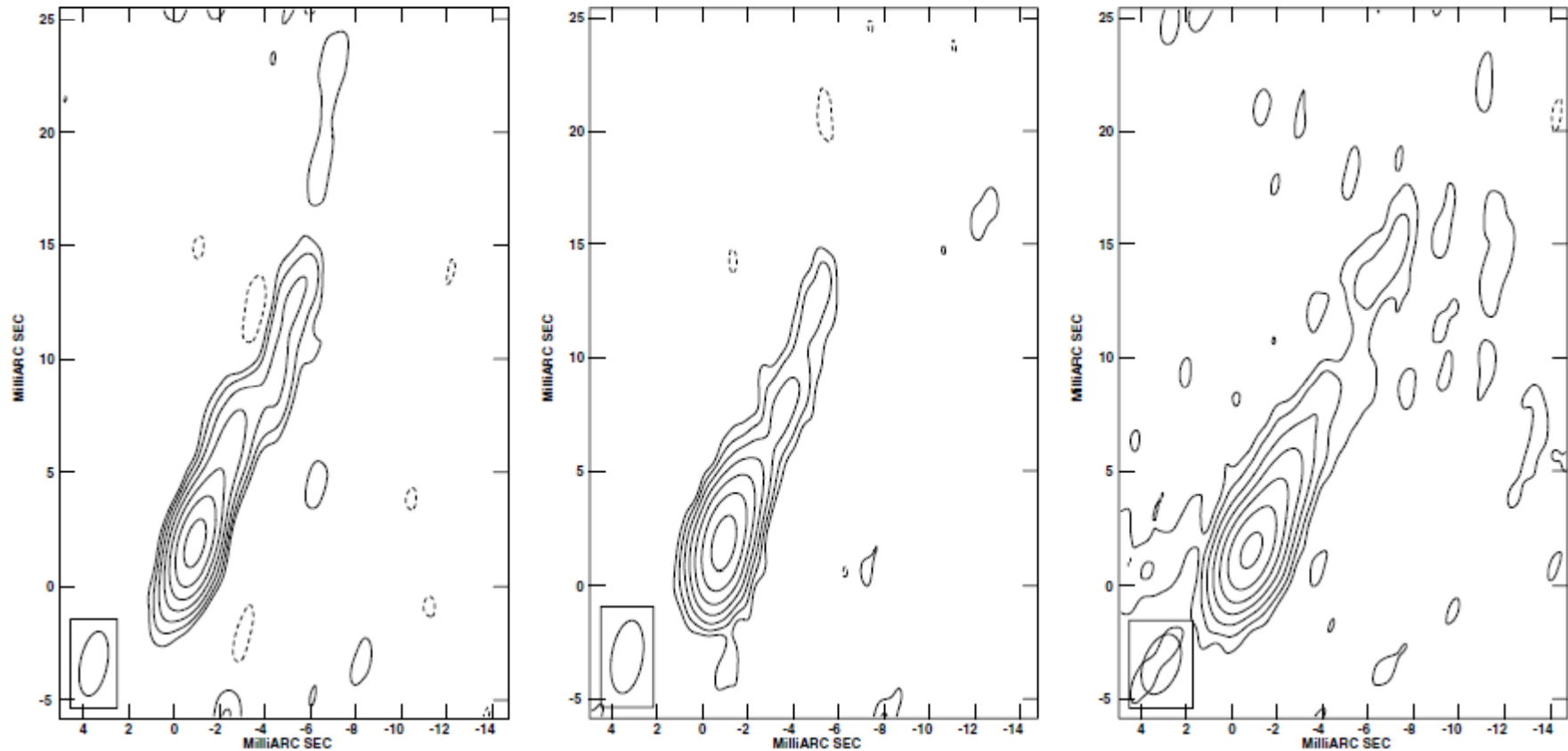


Weisskopf+78



Cyg X-1 Radio Jet

- 8 GHz images at three orbital phases (1998 August)



Stirling+01